Warm-up 1) $y = 6(x + 7)^2 - 1$ Transformation: End Behavior: X-)-2 1-100 Vortsteich 27 DI Domain: Range: (-1,00) (\sim, \sim) Increasing: (-7,) Decreasing: $(-\infty)^{-7}$ 2) $y = 2\sqrt{x-6+3}$ Transformation: End Behavior: X->6 -1->3 Vertstretch Rle U3 X-Y-)-> Range: Domain: $\int (b, \infty)$ Decreasing: N/A Increasing: 5

Homework

- 1. T: Left 5 D: $[-5,\infty)$ R: $(0,\infty)$ EB: As $x \to \infty, y \to \infty$. Increasing: $(-5,\infty)$ Decreasing: None
- 2. T: Down 3 D: $(-\infty, \infty)$ R: $(-\infty, \infty)$ EB: As $x \to \infty, y \to \infty$.; As $x \to -\infty, y \to -\infty$. Increasing: $(-\infty, \infty)$ Decreasing: None

Homework

- 3. T: Left 5, Vertical stretch by 4 D: $(-5, \infty)$ EB: As $x \to \infty, y \to \infty$. Increasing: $(-5, \infty)$ Decreasing: None
- 4. T: Reflect across x-axis; Vertical Stretch by 2; Right 1; Down 4 D: $(-\infty, \infty)$ R: $(-\infty, \infty)$ EB: As $x \to \infty, y \to \infty$.; As $x \to -\infty, y \to -\infty$. Increasing: None Decreasing : $(-\infty, \infty)$

Homework 5. T: Vertical shrink by $\frac{1}{5}$; Left 4 D: $[-4, \infty)$ R: $(0, \infty)$ EB: As $x \to \infty, y \to \infty$. Increasing: $(-4, \infty)$ Decreasing: None

6. T: Reflect across x-axis; Vertical Stretch by 5; Left 5; Down 7 D: $(-\infty, \infty)$ R: $(-\infty, \infty)$ EB: As $x \to \infty, y \to \infty$.; As $x \to -\infty, y \to -\infty$. Increasing: None Decreasing : $(-\infty, \infty)$ **Homework** 7. T: Reflect across x-axis; Vertical shrink by $\frac{1}{4}$; Right 6; Up 2 D: $[6, \infty)$ R: $(-\infty, 2]$ EB: As $x \to \infty, y \to -\infty$. Increasing: None Decreasing : $(6, \infty)$

8. T: Left 4; Up 6 D: $(-\infty, \infty)$ R: $(-\infty, \infty)$ EB: As $x \to \infty, y \to \infty$.; As $x \to -\infty, y \to -\infty$. Increasing: $(-\infty, \infty)$ Decreasing: None

Homework

9. T: Vertical shrink by $\frac{2}{5}$; Right 1; Up 3 D: $[1, \infty)$ R: $(3, \infty)$ EB: As $x \to \infty, y \to \infty$. Increasing: $(-4, \infty)$ Decreasing: None

More of this is Transformer variation

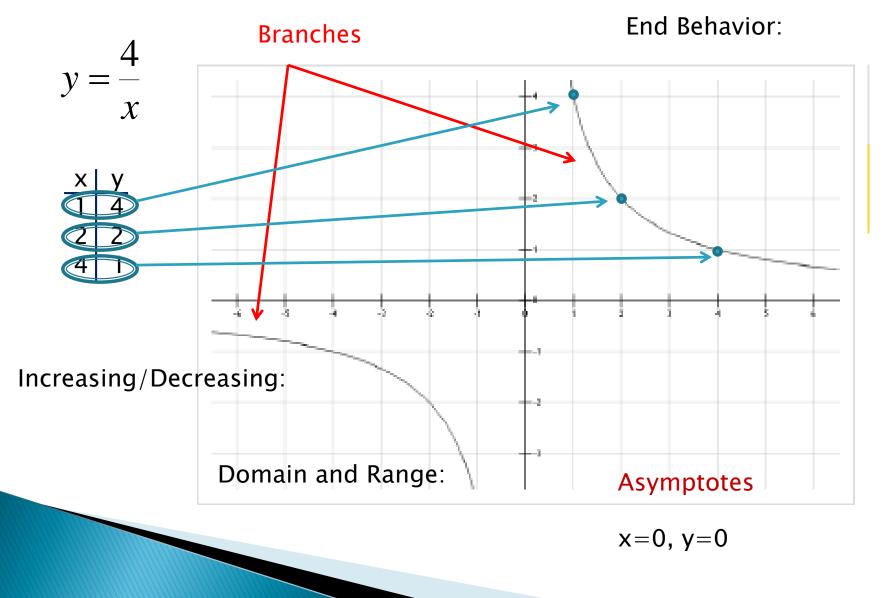
Graphing Reciprocal Functions • Consider the function $y = \frac{5}{x}$

Without graphing, can you find any limitations for x?

The denominator of a fraction can never equal 0, so $x \neq 0$.

How about limitations for y?
Since xy = 5, y ≠ 0

The graph and its parts



Transformation of inverse Reciprocals variations • Given the parent function $y = \frac{4}{x}$

What do you think the following transformations will do to the function?

1.
$$y = \frac{4}{x+2} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{4}{x} + 7 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{-4}{x} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{-4}{x}$$

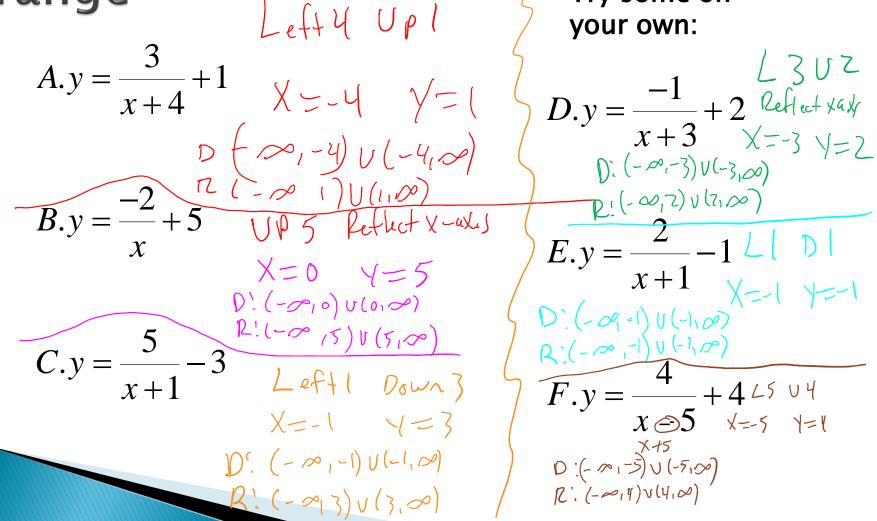
- Check your answer in your calculator. (Were you right?)
- What do you notice about the asymptotes for the transformed functions?

The Properties Translations of Inverse Variations

- The graph of $y = \frac{k}{x-b} + c$ is a translation of $y = \frac{k}{x}$
- by *b* units horizontally and *c* units vertically. The vertical asymptote is x=b. The horizontal asymptote is y = c.

When k is positive: the graph is in quadrants I and III When k is negative: the graph is in quadrants II and IV (reflection)

Describe the transformations, name the asymptotes, domain and range



Examples

1. Write the equation if the parent function

 $y = \frac{2}{x} \text{ has asymptotes at } \begin{array}{c} x = -2 \text{ and } y = 3. \\ 1 = \frac{2}{x+2} + 3 \end{array}$

• 2. For the same parent function, write the equation for the translation of that is 4 units left and 5 units up $\begin{array}{c}
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Examples

1. Write the equation if the parent function

 $y = \frac{3}{x}$ has asymptotes at x = -1 and y = 5.

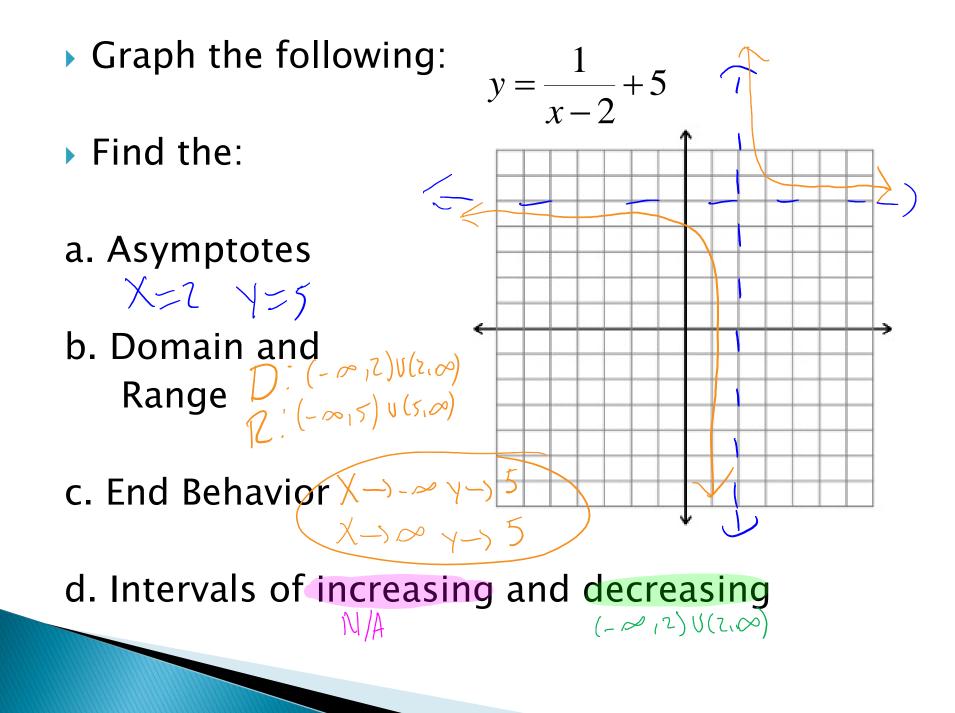
2. For the same parent function, write the equation for the translation of that is 7 units right and 2 units down.

Examples

1. Write the equation if the parent function

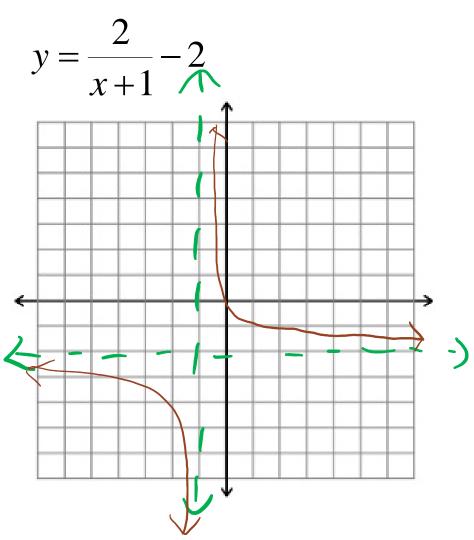
 $y = \frac{5}{x}$ has asymptotes at x = 8 and y = -4.

• 2. For the same parent function, write the equation for the translation of that is 7 units up and 2 units left. χ_{+2} χ_{+2} χ_{+2} χ_{+2} χ_{+2} χ_{+2}



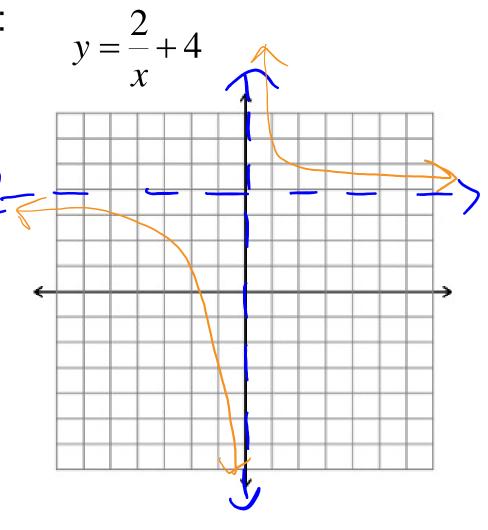
- Graph the following:
- Find the:
- a. Asymptotes X=-1 Y=-2
- b. Domain and Range $D: (-\infty_1-1) \cup (-1,\infty)$ $Z: (-\infty_1^2) \cup (-2,\infty)$

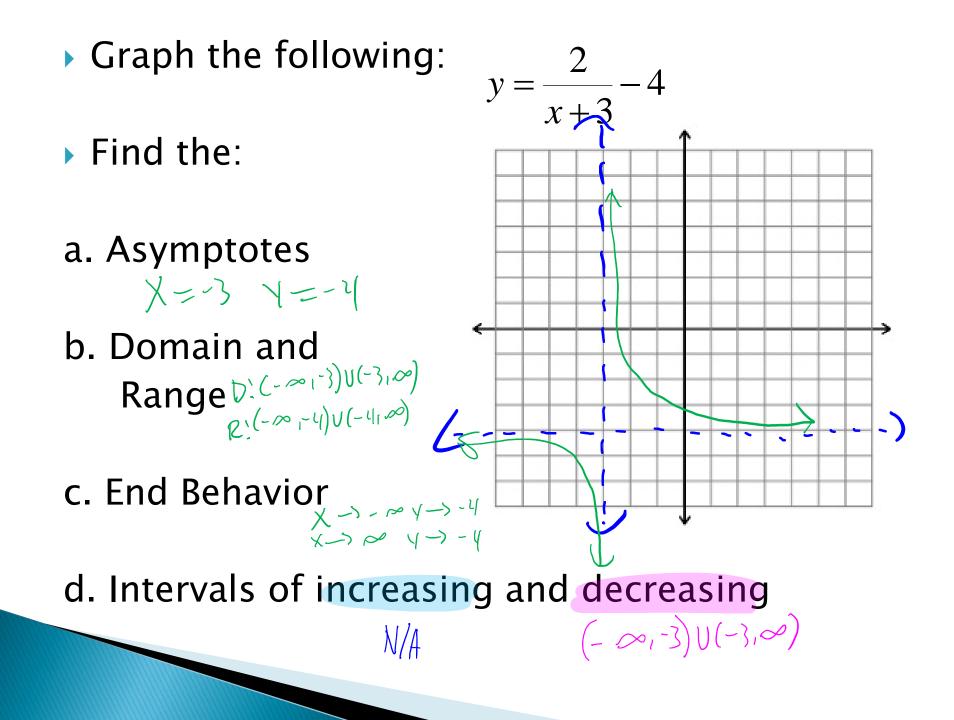




d. Intervals of increasing and decreasing $\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{A}}$

- Graph the following:
- Find the:
- a. Asymptotes
- b. Domain and Range $D: (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, 0)$ $\mathcal{R}: (-\infty, 4) \cup (4, 0)$





Example:



• Write and graph the inverse variation in which $y = \frac{1}{2}$ and x = 10.

What are/is the: Asymptotes?

End Behavior?

Domain and Range?

Interval notation?

