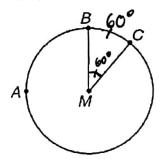
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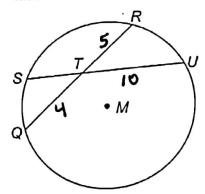
1. Points A, B, and C lie on circle M, as shown below.



What is the measure of  $\angle BMC$  if the measure of arc BAC is 300?

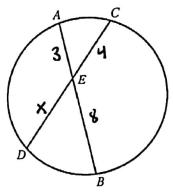


2. Chords RQ and SU intersect at point T in circle M.



If RT = 5, TQ = 4, and UT = 10, what is the length of ST?

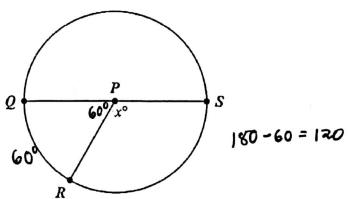
3. In the circle below,  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{CD}$  are chords intersecting at E.



If AE = 3, BE = 8, and CE = 4, what is the length of  $\overline{DE}$ ?

$$x = 6$$

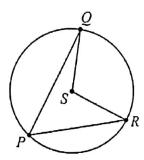
4. Points Q, R, and S lie on circle P, and line  $\overline{SQ}$  is a diameter of circle P, as shown below.



The measure of  $\widehat{QR}$  is 60°. What is the value of x?



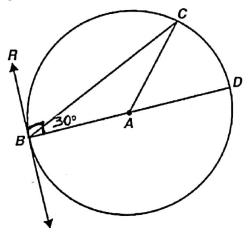
5. The diagram below shows points P, Q, and R on circle S. The measure of  $\angle QSR$  is  $122^\circ$ .



What is the measure of  $\angle QPR$ ?

$$\frac{122}{2} = 61$$

6.  $\overrightarrow{RB}$  is tangent to a circle, whose center is A, at point B.  $\overrightarrow{BD}$  is a diameter.

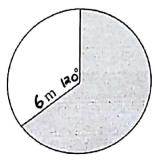


What is m∠CBR?

LDBR is right angle

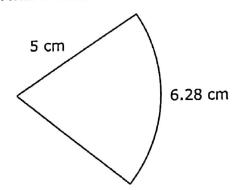
because a tangent and radius in tersect at point of tangency.

7. What is the area of the shaded sector?



$$A = \frac{120}{360} \cdot \Upsilon(6)^2$$

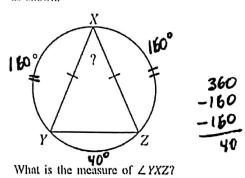
8. A sector of a circle is shown.



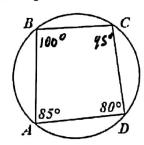
What is the area of the sector? (Use 3.14 for  $\pi$ .)

C = 
$$\frac{\theta}{360}$$
 ·  $2\pi r$ 
 $A = \frac{\theta}{360}$  ·  $\pi r^2$ 
 $A = \frac{71.96}{360}$  ·  $\pi r^2$ 

9. The circle shown below has chords  $\overline{XY}$ ,  $\overline{XZ}$ , and  $\overline{YZ}$ , with  $\overline{XY} \cong \overline{XZ}$ . The measure of  $\widehat{XY}$  is **150**°, as shown,



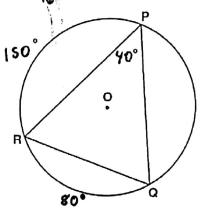
10. Quadrilateral ABCD is inscribed in a circle as shown in the diagram below.



If  $m\angle A = 85^{\circ}$  and  $m\angle D = 80^{\circ}$ , what is  $m\angle B$ ?

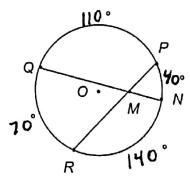
Opposite angles of a quadrilateral inscribed in a Eigele are supplementary.

11. In the circle shown below, the measure of  $\widehat{PR} = 100^\circ$  and the measurements of  $\angle RPQ = 90^\circ$ .



What is the measure of  $\widehat{PQ}$ ?

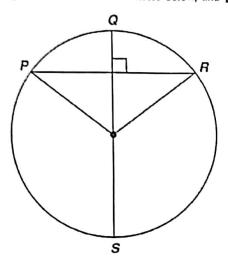
12. Points N, P, R, and Q lie on circle O.



In circle O, what is the  $m \angle PMN$ ?

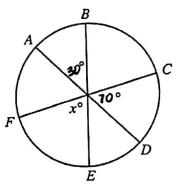
$$\frac{70+40}{2}=\frac{110}{2}=55^{\circ}$$

13.  $\overline{QS}$  is a diameter of the circle below, and  $\overline{QS} \perp \overline{PR}$ 



If  $\widehat{mPQR} = 100^\circ$ , what is  $\widehat{mPS?}$ 

14. In the circle shown below,  $\overline{AD}$ ,  $\overline{BE}$ , and  $\overline{CF}$  are diameters.



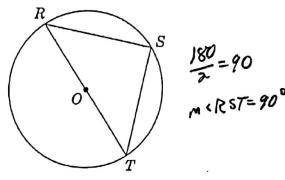
What is the value, in degrees, of x?

Let M

be the conter of the circle.

m < EMD = 30° Since & AMB = < EMD by verteal angle theorem.

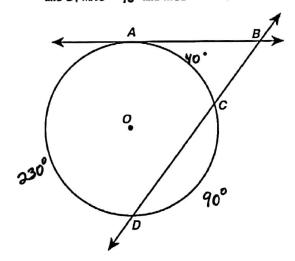
15. In circle O shown below,  $\overline{RS} \cong \overline{ST}$ .



What kind of triangle is  $\triangle RST$ ?

- (A.) right
- B. acute
- C. obtuse
- D. scalene

16. In the figure below,  $\overrightarrow{AB}$  is tangent to circle O at point A, secant  $\overrightarrow{BD}$  intersects circle O at points C and D,  $m\overrightarrow{AC} = 40^{\circ}$  and  $m\overrightarrow{CD} = 90^{\circ}$ .

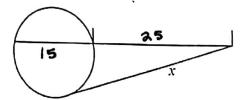


What is  $m \angle ABC$ ?

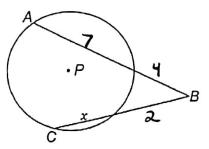
$$\frac{230-90}{2} = 70$$
 m\frac{70^{\circ}}{}

Unit 6 Review Problems

17. Find the unknown length in the picture below.



18. Line segments AB and CB intersect outside of circle P as shown below.



What is the value of x?

$$\chi = 36.5 = \frac{73}{2}$$